



GECCA I SYNOPTIC MATRIX

Institutional Positioning within African and Global Afrocentric Multilateral Architecture

An analytical and comparative framework • Relevant for GECCA's global diplomatic and constitutive mobilization process • With deliberate centrality in the Initial Sherpas Pre-Summit and the Global Constitutive Assembly Summit

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FOR CONSTITUTIVE ASSEMBLY DELIBERATION



Institutional Thesis: GECCA is proposed not as a substitute or a rival to the forums and institutional frameworks from which it's analyzed. Rather, this matrix provides a comprehensive comparative, analytical and institutional-positioning framework mapping GECCA in relation to existing African and global Afrocentric multilateral institutional architectures, with particular emphasis on mandates, scope, membership, governance, economic mechanisms, strategic complementarities, institutional gaps, and distinctive value proposed by GECCA to its potential stakeholders. It reflects an Africa-anchored global multilateral institution aiming to inspire and building a new permanent architecture of policy convergence and cross-regional cooperation between Africa and the rest of the world. Its central idea is that of a sovereign economic transition bridge – a global sounding board whereby global leaders and investors come to discuss critical changes shaping major trajectories of global economy and how best Africa is to act and cooperate with the rest of the world to secure a more prosperous and multipolar future. GECCA helps moving the continent from an Africa primarily integrated to global systems to an Africa increasingly capable of co-defining, negotiating, co-creating and influencing rules, pooled investment structures, cross-regional development, and the architecture of the next global economy.

Architecture	Existing center of gravity	Space GECCA identifies	GECCA complement	Institutional meaning
Institutional layer	Existing architecture — principal center of gravity	Structural space GECCA identifies	GECCA's proposed complementary role	Institutional meaning
African Union (AU)	Continental political authority, Pan-African unity, political and economic integration – continental political direction and coordination.	Need for a dedicated global bridge translating African priorities and global needs into one cross-regional cooperation agenda, whereby economic, diplomatic and investment compacts shape a common future.	Operationalizes a global Afrocentric interface around African and AU priorities, and connects African and foreign states, institutions, and economies through a plurilateral cooperation for shared prosperity.	GECCA acts as a complementary international-facing architecture for an Africa-anchored global economic agency, not an African institutional substitute.
UNECA	UN Economic Commission for Africa: economic/social development, integration, convening, think-tank and operational functions.	Need for a sovereign framework based on membership and belonging, with stronger political, economic and diplomatic convening with critical ambition of unprecedented cooperation on ethical, structured, and pooled investments between African and foreign members and investors.	Builds a policy-to-partnership-to-investment bridge, while drawing on systems, and impactful structures co-architected in collaboration with other Africa-driven international institutions.	Adds an institutional conversion layer between the strategic assessment of systemic dilemmas and structural needs and high-level alignment of cooperative solutions anchored in the most advanced transformative investments
European mechanisms for Africa	EU–Africa partnership, EU Global Gateway, investment, infrastructure, digital, green transition, jobs and institutional cooperation.	Most mechanisms are Africa-Europe partnership architectures. It is sound and relevant, yet GECCA seeks a multi-polar, cross-regional geometry complementary to existing bilateral and biregional systems between Africa and one single foreign pole	Creates a global Afrocentric framework through which Europe can engage alongside Asia, America, Australia and the major global economic powers (United States, China, Russia, India, Gulf States...) on progressive, utilitarian and mutually agreed ways.	Shifts the geometry from bilateral and bi-regional partnership toward cross-regional multilateral convergence under global Afrocentric strategic agency.
BRICS / BRICS+	Platform for major emerging economies striving for multipolar cooperation, non-aligned diplomacy, global governance reform, and sovereign financing mechanisms for the security, prosperity, and strategic development of its members.	Need for a global Afrocentric institution whose membership and accession logic is not confined to a geopolitical grouping and whose central purpose is multipolar transition for global Afrocentric prosperity.	Engages BRICS economies as sovereign partners within a wider non-aligned ecosystem of multipolar cooperation for Africa.	GECCA translates multipolarity from bloc identity into a unifying and stabilizing cooperation doctrine for collective and inclusive progresses.
G20	Premier global economic forum for major economies providing policy coordination and shaping global economic governance.	Africa has increasing representation, but a standing international Africa-centered institution is still needed to continuously aggregate African priorities and global needs under cross-regional economic compacts.	Serves as permanent policy and strategic-convening layer capable of feeding African priorities into wider global economic landscapes beyond mere theories of dialogue and conjunctural cooperation.	GECCA functions as a strategic agenda-shaping and cooperation-building space for Africa's global economic influence.
G8 / G7 legacy	Historically concentrated advanced-economy coordination; the G7 remains the operative successor framework.	A universally open architecture, not specifically Africa-centered. In this architecture, Africa engages largely through outreach and partnership channels.	Provides an inclusive non-aligned Africa-centered interface in which advanced economies can participate without defining the institutional agenda alone.	Creates a more symmetrical space for engagement and strategic cooperation between Africa and advanced economies within a wider multipolar setting.
OECD	Intergovernmental forum and policy institution focused on economic and public-policy cooperation among member and partner economies.	Need for an Africa-centered platform that can translate policy portfolios into critical assets for evidence-based alliances, deals and investments pacts.	Engages OECD members and economies within a global convergence and investment framework backed by a wider Africa-centered plurilateral architecture.	OECD policies and standards become assets for decision-making and guidance of Africa-anchored investable and bankable projects.
NAM	Political doctrine and movement centered on sovereignty, independence, non-interference and strategic autonomy.	Traditional non-alignment was primarily geopolitical; GECCA seeks an economic-civilizational and investment-oriented fourth generation of non-alignment.	Institutionalizes non-alignment as constructive engagement with all poles, without submission, coercive or asymmetric conditionality.	Transforms non-alignment from defensive posture into an active economic strategy for peace development and co-creation of multipolar prosperity.
Africa Economic Forums	High-level convening, business dialogue, investment promotion, policy networking and agenda-setting; with formats varying by sponsor and geography.	Forums generate relationships and ideas but are not permanent and strategic constitutional institutions with ethical and binding structures for agenda implementation, coordination, and accountability.	Creates a permanent constitutional home for high-level consultation, strategic cooperation-building, policy testing, and impulsion of transformative investment compacts.	GECCA is a Best-case niche, and a trusted concentrated space for global leaders to test ideas on the most intractable issues affecting Africa and build economic and peace investments compacts outside rigid formal structures.
Africa Forward	Africa-Forward is a French-Africa Partnership Initiative that seek to shift bilateral relations from traditional aid towards stronger investment, development, trade and geopolitical engagement between Africa and France.	Although an encouraging historic effort, Africa-Forward remains a strategic initiative based on a bilateral coalition, not a standing Africa-centered global constitutional architecture.	Aggregates forward-looking initiatives into a permanent non-aligned Africa-centered multilateral convergence framework.	GECCA considers and turns the 'Africa-Forward' impulse into a critical part of its institutional architecture for sustained global Afrocentric agency.

GECCA AS A MULTILATERAL TRANSITION BRIDGE

The matrix below shifts the question from “what does GECCA do that others do not?” to “what institutional function becomes possible when existing mechanisms are connected through an Africa-centered sovereign and ethical transition architecture?”

GECCA Mandate and Theory	Problem Diagnosed	Existing Contribution	GECCA Bridge	Distinctive Proposition
GECCA Mandate and Theory	Problem diagnosed in the Charter / Concept Note	Existing Mechanisms already contributing	GECCA's Integration and/or Bridge Function	Distinctive Institutional Proposition
Global Afrocentric Sounding Board	Fragmentation of diplomatic, economic, investment development policies; and the need of a strategic space for cross-regional convergence and global Afrocentric cooperation.	AU, UNECA, G20, Africa Economic Forums, bilateral summits, business and investment forums.	Permanent convergence board linking States, governments, regions, institutions, investors, and strategic architects of Africa-centered international cooperation.	High-level agenda-setting + global leaders and economic elite convening + strategic compacts in a standing institutional setting.
Sovereign Economic Transition Bridge	Africa's vulnerability to global and foreign systems, weak bargaining power, fragmented capital and value chains.	AU Agenda 2063, EU Global Gateway, international development finance institutions, bilateral, regional, and non-aligned mechanisms, national investment systems.	Structure and impelling sovereign investment corridors, cooperative capital, policy convergence frameworks, and cross-regional compacts around global Afrocentric priorities.	Moves from strategic transactions toward system-level transition compacts with a more interconnected world.
Multilateral Transition & Institutional Complementarity	Institutional silos, overlapping initiatives, and less efficient systems: hence the need for powerful, effective, and impactful mechanisms that fill gaps, innovate, strengthen, and complement existing architecture.	AU, UNECA, UN System, RECs, IFIs, MDBs, BRICS, G20, EU and others.	Shapes subsidiarity and complementarity mandate and inspire a new momentum for inter-institutional cooperation and Africa-centered global multilateralism.	Institution is designed as connective tissue of the global Afrocentric multilateral architecture.
Multipolar Prosperity	There's a major risk that multipolarity becomes a weapon of rivalry and confrontation among geopolitics blocs rather than a stabilizing and reconciling force for the global common good.	BRICS, G20, NAM, regional and bilateral cooperation pacts.	Engages all poles simultaneously through non-aligned plurilateral cooperation.	Multipolarism reframed as a more humanized effort to turn new civilized pacts of peace economies cooperation into global stabilizing force for shared sovereignty, a more balanced future, and a more global inclusive prosperity.
Peace Economies and Post-Extractive Investments	Conflict and war economies, extractive investments, systemic poverty legacies, zero-sum cooperation systems, and deliberated politics of structural dependency and cyclical and generational chaos	Peace and security bodies, international development cooperation agencies, sovereign investment institutions, and regional integration mechanisms.	Conditions economic cooperation and investment around peace, ethical commitments, industrial democratization, localization of value, and restorative co-recreation of co-ownership and collective prosperity.	Links peace, stability, and prosperity frameworks directly to investment and economic cooperation architectures.
Governance, Ethics and Global Afrocentric Leadership	Governance deficits, corruption, trust erosion, ethical dilemmas, weak accountability, and leadership fragmentation.	National governance systems, AU/UN norms, institutional compliance mechanisms.	WPCA, OICA Council, OICA Court, ECA, Ethical Allegiance Pledges, and high-level progressive architecture.	Ethics is designed as a behavioral imperative, a proof of integrity and compliance, and institutional operating condition beyond traditional declarations of ethical pledges.
Diplomacy, Foreign Affairs and International Cooperation	Weak regional unity, diplomatic fragmentation, and asymmetric bargaining systems.	AU diplomacy, NAM, bilateral diplomacy, G20 and G7 outreach, regional organizations.	Country Permanent Representatives Committee, Board of Ministers, diplomatic boards, and cross-regional membership.	Creates an Africa-centered diplomatic convergence mechanism with global compacts inspiring the new African policy of the world, and the new global policy of Africa.
Planetary Repropulsion and Global Afrocentric Progress	Africa's potential is often engineered, pitched, and treated as a strategic development matter rather than a source of global solutions for humanity and the planet.	Agenda 2063, SDGs, climate-technology-energy transition cooperation, global fora for the future.	Circumscribes African priorities and global solutions in one inextricably intertwined perspective, re-bridges cooperation for consequential investments, and repowers Africa as both a co-architect and global re-propulsion center of neo-pioneering progresses that benefit the people, the planet, and neo-humanist economies.	Matches Africa's Global Green Horizon to Africa-centered global economic agency and proposes a civilizational and institutional framing that reengineers and delivers more breakthrough and forward-looking solutions tailored to the highest heights of African and global transformation.
One Africa • One World • One Economy • One Multipolar Prosperity	Continental fragmentation and global fragmentation reinforce each other.	AU pan African unity agenda, AfCFTA continental mechanisms, strategic and international frameworks for regional and global reintegration.	A unifying global interface joining Africa and the world under one multilateral pledge for common priorities and shared progresses.	Shapes a Theory of Convergence whereby African unity and global inclusion are mutually reinforced as a civilizational imperative of cooperative prosperity and multipolar reintegration.

THE INTEGRATED ARCHITECTURE: FROM TRADITIONAL TRANSACTIONS TO NEW ECONOMIC COMPACTS

Bottleneck	Conventional Response	GECCA Transition Logic	Institutional Instruments	Strategic Effect
Structural Bottleneck	Conventional Response Pattern	GECCA Transition Logic	Proposed Institutional Instruments	Expected Strategic Effect
Extractive dependence and low local value capture	FDI, commodity trade, project finance systems.	Localization of value creation, post-extractive investment models, policy framing for co-creation of collective prosperity and shared sovereignty.	Sovereign Afrocentric Investment Doctrine, cooperative capital platforms, cross-regional investment corridors, global integrated value-chain compacts.	Greater African bargaining power, economic reforms, collective co-ownership, localization and industrial democratization, cross-border and intergenerational value.
Infrastructure deficit and global connectivity gaps	Silos infrastructure projects and bilateral financing systems.	Integrated Scale Portfolios and Cross-Regional Corridors of Global Convergence	Plurilateral Architecture and Cross-Regional Transition Pools involving strategic cross-border corridors, pooled investment, risk-sharing, co-financing, and policy convergence.	Cross-Regional Development Corridors and Projects aligned as C4RED Models become components of integrated global transformation pathways that redistribute economic opportunities across multiple borders and prosperity nodes
Monetary and financial fragmentation	Separated national and regional financing channels from episodic foreign finance systems.	Cooperative capital architecture and macroeconomics instruments supporting stabilization and structural reinvestment.	Blended finance, development bonds, sovereign guarantees, impact vehicles, Pooling Financial Protocol Concepts.	A stronger collective capacity to mobilize and coordinate major long-term transformative capital projects of global cross-regional impact.
Market fragmentation and weak bargaining capacity	Bilateral deals and dispersed market access.	Collective negotiation, global Afrocentric policy convergence, and cross-regional compacts.	GECCA sits at the inflection point of global reintegration whereby Africa (AfCFTA) and foreign Afrocentric economies cooperate under unified architecture of global free trade, therefore complementing, expanding, and cementing the global scope of the Africa Continental Free Trade Area.	Africa negotiates, deals, and trades with multiple foreign poles from a more globally integrated and coordinated framework shaping one unified Africa-centered world economy.
Technology, industrial, and technical deficit	Crisis of unified vision and architecture treating and investing in scientific, technical and intellectual value chains as strategic capital for Africa's global economic transformation.	The pillar and intellectual, scientific, technical, and professional fabric are strategically rooted and interlaced in the economic, industrial, manufacturing, tech and civilizational transformation agenda	CASTS, Modern African Science and Knowledge Enterprise, Pan African Skill Capitalism Policies, intellectual industrialization, ASTIIRE (African Agency for Science, Tech Innovation, and Industrial Revolution), SCIIECO Structures	Investors, global innovators, and African pioneers cooperate to move from technology transition toward co-creation of innovations, with Africa becoming the frontier and critical detonator of modern geniuses and global transformation.
Governance and trust deficit	Compliance rules often separated from the duty of credibility and investment diplomacy.	Ethics embedded into accession, leadership, cooperation and investment frameworks.	ECA, Ethical Allegiance Pledges, Accountability, transparency, meritocracy, and OICA ecosystem.	Ethics and institutional credibility addressed as imperative part of the economic architecture.
Conflicts, proxy interventions, and war economies constraints	Zero-sum efforts and fragmented solutions: peace and security in Africa are poorly addressed, out of the root causes and regional and global realities.	Rethinks solutions in the global outlook, proposes the very last therapies at the frontier of the most culminating solutions, and addresses peace and economic development cooperation as mutually reinforcing	World Peace Compact for Africa, OICA Ecosystem; 4PR Pledge, restorative accountability mechanisms.	Reorients cooperation from asymmetrical theories of contrasts and conflict-economies toward utilitarian reconstruction of peace and development economies
Leadership crisis and institutional credibility	High-level forums without steadfast impact nor permanent institutional and societal memory.	Offers an ambitious Agenda focused on new leadership and governance for new stronger governments, sounder institutions, and more robust economies.	Invests in leaders capable of governing with dignity and justice, advancing the greatest public goals of their nations, bequeathing the rarest civic, humanist, and patriotic values to their peoples, anticipating the role of future generations, and peacefully handing over the baton of command to their successors.	Shapes ethical leadership, institutional credibility, diplomatic legitimacy, and societal impact in one ecosystem.
Africa's global influence deficit	Africa participates in global fora but often through dispersed national and continental positions.	Shapes Africa-centered global cross-regional coalitions, and institutionalizes the new cooperation as a new conscience, a new determination, a new power, and a new collective intelligence for new shared multipolar prosperity	Global Afrocentric sounding board, cross-regional representation, plurilateral membership, collective belonging, policy and diplomatic convergence, and multipolar development agenda.	From participation to agenda-shaping, to the co-creation of One Africa, One World, One Economy, and One Multipolar Prosperity.

Core Analytical Conclusion: GECCA's claimed niche is not that existing institutions are ineffective...rather, it is that no single existing mechanism in the comparison is constituted around the simultaneous integration of Africa-centered global economic architecture, a permanent high-level convergence, and a cross-regional multipolar engagement as it engineers and offers it to its stakeholders. GECCA therefore proposes an innovating architectural connector that bridges the gaps and strengthens rather than a parallel universe substituted to existing architectures.

INSTITUTIONALLY SPECIAL: ETHICS, PEACE, MEMBERSHIP AND THE TRANSITION PROJECT

Mechanism	Basis	Wider significance	Complementarity	Distinctiveness
GECCA Mechanism	Constitutional and Conceptual Basis	Why it matters in the wider architecture	Complementarity value	Institutional Distinctiveness
World Peace Compact for Africa (WPCA)	Charter Ch. XII; economic cooperation and investment are linked to ethical compacts and peace diplomacy.	Adds a condition of ethical pledges to accountability and peace compacts as binding tracks to investments and economic cooperation.	Complements, strengthens, and works alongside AU and UN Peace and Security Mechanisms without rivalry or conflicting mandates.	Peace becomes a constitutive economic condition and investment safeguard across the global Afrocentric economies.
Ombudsmus International Council for Africa (OICA Council)	Charter Arts. 265–270: truth and accountability mapping, peace economies diagnostics, restorative reconstruction.	Implements a truth-and-accountability intelligence function focused on systemic distortions affecting peace, development, and economic progress in Africa.	Interface with diplomatic, economic, governance and restorative mechanisms across Africa and global Afrocentric landscapes.	A proposed conscience-and-truth architecture embedded in an economic cooperation institution.
Ombudsmus International Court for Africa (OICA Court)	Charter Arts. 271–279: International Court of Assignment and Arbitration for Africa: court of conscience, truth, peace accountability, and moral arbitration.	Provides a non-classical moral and restorative pathway for disputes and accountability within ethical ecosystems and Africa-centered global economies.	Designed as complementary to existing judicial and arbitration frameworks, with key focus on systemic gaps and structural root causes.	Connects moral accountability, humanist reconciliation and economic reconstruction to a unique restorative mandate for peace, concord, and ethical progresses across African and global Afrocentric landscapes.
Ethics & Credibility Agreement (ECA)	A binding principled instrument that applies to states, institutions, diplomats, staff members, representatives, funders, partners and beneficiaries. Accession and adherence are fully required from all.	Makes ethics, credibility, and accountability mandatory and operational conditions of participation.	Reinforces international-law, governance and ethical cooperation norms integrated to a specific behavioral and operational compact.	Ethics is structurally tied to membership, leadership and cooperation—not a merely aspirational and doctrinal language.
Ethical Allegiance Pledge	Formal endorsement, solemn pledge and signed ethical commitment declaration. Breach may trigger discharge or revocation.	Creates an explicit personal and institutional duty of fidelity to the organization’s principles and peace economies and post-extractive investments mission.	Functions as an additional integrity layer for diplomats, representatives, leaders and partners.	A ceremonial + constitutive compliance mechanism intended to turn institutional values into operational conduct.
Universally Open Plurilateral Membership	Offers a globally open multistakeholder framework backed by ethical, voluntary, and principled membership architecture.	Allows African and foreign stakeholders to secure direct membership and belonging to the same institution under differentiated participation architecture that preserves strategic sovereignty of members.	Creates direct institutional entry points for governments, international organizations, development institutions, economic corporations, scientific bodies, and strategic investors.	A strategic membership architecture for convergence and Africa-anchored global cooperation.
Fourth-generation of non-alignment	Charter Arts. 6–8 and XI: shared sovereignty, engagement with all poles without submission or coercive alignment.	Extends traditional non-alignment and sovereignty logic into economic and civilizational cooperation centered on pooled investments and inclusive cross-regional development.	Simultaneously engages major powers, emerging economies, and the global South communities, under common Agenda for an Africa-centered shared future.	Non-alignment becomes an active economic theory in which Africa is reconciled and reconciles the world toward renewed cooperation and shared prosperity between global geoeconomic blocs.
A trusted cross-regional space and global sounding board for an Africa-anchored global economic agency	A space where regional representatives and global leaders come to discuss critical changes shaping major trajectories of global economy and how best Africa is to act and cooperate with the rest of the world to secure a more inclusive multipolar future.	Creates a setting for leaders to test ideas, build partnerships, align positions and prepare cooperative compacts before or alongside formal multilateral processes.	Supports and complements AU and other institutional agendas by generating policy intelligence, coalitions, and strategic investment deals for shared progresses.	Best-case niche: agenda-setting + elites and investors convening + strategic cooperation + African prosperity + global economic impact + institutional and global societal memory.
One Multilateral Promise	One Africa • One World • One Economy • One Multipolar Prosperity.	Supplies a unifying narrative linking International Economic Agency to a plurilateral cross-regional cooperation anchored in strategic priorities and Africa’s potential in global transformation.	Provides a cohesive and common language for otherwise divergent partners and institutions.	Prons a theory of convergence in which regional unity is not isolation from the world, and shared sovereignty is exercised through structured and utilitarian global co-creation.

SUMMIT-LEVEL INSTITUTIONAL POSITIONING

GECCA is best positioned as a complementary permanent architecture of transition and convergence whose purpose is to emerge into an international multilateral institution of global Afrocentric interest dedicated to addressing the most intractable concerns of the global Afrocentric world and shaping a new global order structured and empowered to repower new poles of multipolar prosperity. The proposed model combines a global Afrocentric sounding board, a sovereign economic transition bridge, a non-aligned plurilateral membership, a strategic cross-regional investment architecture, peace economies framework, ethical governance, sovereign and pooled financing mechanisms, and high-level diplomatic convening under One Multilateral Pledge for One Africa, One World, One Economy, and One Multipolar Prosperity.

Source discipline: GECCA Charter, Concept Note and ECA are the primary basis for GECCA claims. Comparative descriptions of AU, UNECA, EU, and OECD mechanisms and other strategic architectures involved in this matrix were cross-checked against current official institutional sources. “Africa Forward” and “Africa Economic Forums” are treated as broad initiatives and forums categories rather than single constitutional organizations. G8 is treated as the historical format, with the G7 as its current institutional successor. Until its full constitutive and operational deployment, this matrix is an analytical positioning document, not a claim that every proposed GECCA structure or power has already been officially recognized or internationally constituted.